DETROIT AREA WOODTURNERS CASTING DEMO

Presented by Ben Shipman

Introduction

>Equipment/PPE >Pouring/mixing

Resin types
Embeds

➤ Color Theory ➤ C

➤Current Work

Pigment/Mica >S

►Sanding/Finishing

EQUIPMENT-BARE MINIMUM

Resin
Activator
Mold

EQUIPMENT - WHAT YOU REALLY NEED

Colorants (Mica/Pigments)

➢Pressure pot*

➤Various sized molds

► Mixing device

▷Scale*

➢Embeds

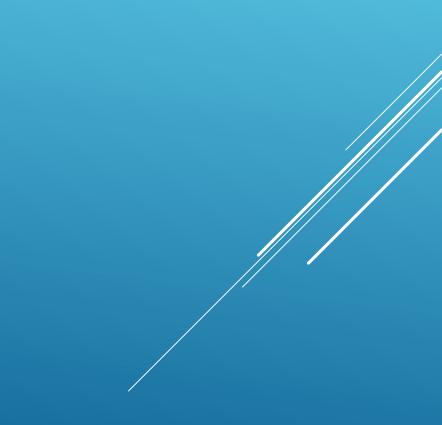
► Non-waxed Cups

EQUIPMENT-PPE

Safety Glasses
Latex or nitrile gloves
Respirator



Polyester Resin (PR)
Alumalite
Epoxy resin



POLYESTER RESIN

Pros:

≻Long Pot life

➢ Inexpensive

➤ Stick to itself

➤ Easy to get local

Can be used without a pressure pot Cons:

≻Odor

Not best choice for certain embeds

ALUMALITE/EPOXY RESINS

Pros:

Cons:

Short time to finished product

> Great for embeds

I believe some effects work better with Alumalite(see first con) Short pot lifeExpensive

Does not bond to itself

> Need pressure pot

> Must mix by weight

COLOR THEORY

 Primary Color - Red, Blue, Yellow
 Secondary Colors - Mix of Primary colors (Orange, Purple, Green)
 Tertiary Color - Mix of primary and secondary colors

COLOR WHEEL



COMPLEMENTARY COLORS



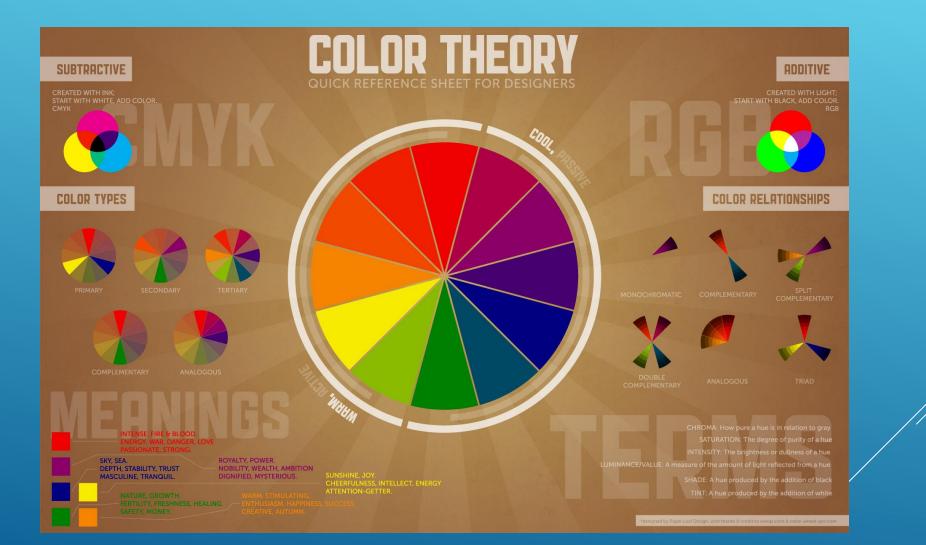
SPLIT COMPLEMENTARY



ANALOGOUS COLORS



COLOR MOODS



BLACK & WHITE

Don't forget black and white
They can add depth and contrast
Use white to tint your colors making them lighter

>Use black to shade your colors making them darker

MIXING

Can add mica to resin or pour resin over mica

- Slurry-Small amount of resin with mica to break up mica globs
- > 2 oz will make a ¾ inch round blank a little over 5 inches
- Do not worry about bubbles if using a pressure pot
- With no pot use vibration to shake out bubbles (ie, bandsaw, beltsander, or scrollsaw)

POURING TECHNIQUES

Two hand swirl
Spinner
Glop
Stir stick
Layer's

PRESSURE VS. VACUUM

- Pressure crushes bubbles
- >Vacuum pulls air out
- >Vacuum also pulls out water in woods which is bad for resin
- > Pressure forces resin into cavities
- > Pressure works fast while vacuum is slow



> Pinecone's
> Stamps
> Wood/Burl's
> Metal's
> Whatever you can imagine



FINISHING

 \succ Must sand resin to a very high grit. > MicroMesh pads go up to 12k grit. > Use buffing wheel if you have it. >I buff after 4800 Grit MM >Sand after each grit with lathe off against the "grain"

THINGS THAT WILL GO WRONG

 \succ Too much activator makes a brittle blank >Temperature - hot will cure a lot faster than in cold weather > Resin stuck in mold >Leaky Molds > Forgetting activator > Gel Glob

HOW CAN YOU ADD RESIN TO YOUR TURNINGS

- >Embedded woods
- Pierced items that are then filled with resin
- Clear resin can be used to cover things or seal them
- ➤ Finials

EXAMPLES OF RESIN TURNINGS:

LARGE MICA FLAKES AND KOA WOOD





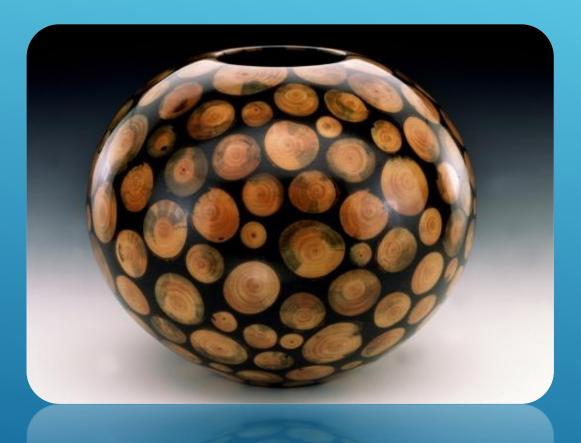
COLORED PENCILS



BOOKS









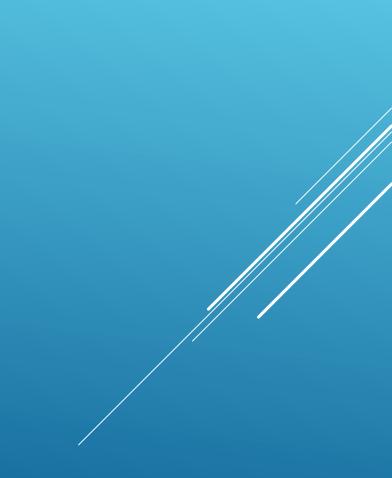
HOLEY BURL!!











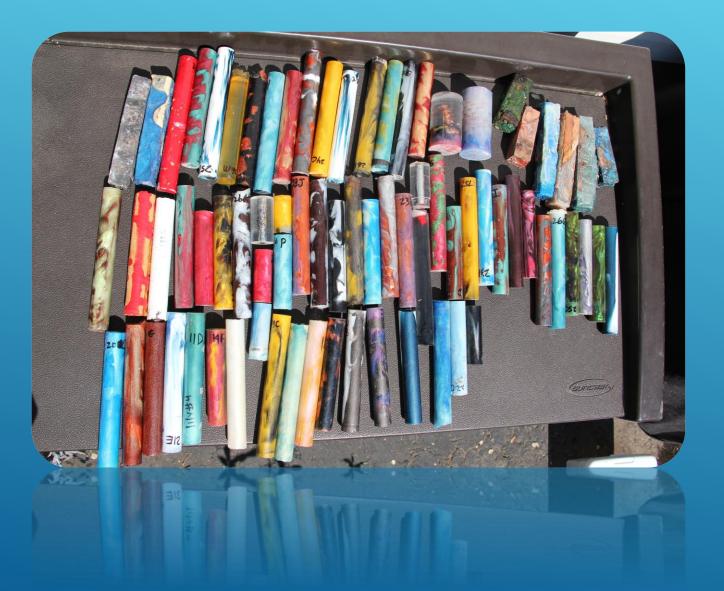
STONE WITH RESIN



GOLD FOIL WITH RESIN



VARIOUS BLANKS I CAST



BURL DOUBLE CAST AFTER A BLOW OUT



COPPER WIRE EMBEDDED



CLEAR CAST OVER PAINT







MESQUITE EMBED WITH MULTIPLE COLORS



FORDITE EMBED



LINKS

- <u>http://www.uscomposites.com/</u> Silmar 41polyester resin
- <u>http://www.alumilite.com/</u>
- <u>http://www.smooth-on.com/</u> mold and resin source- local also
- <u>http://www.woodnwhimsies.com/</u> resin source
- <u>https://nurturesoap.com/</u> Mica and pigment source
- <u>http://www.tkbtrading.com</u> pigment's
- > Michaels/Hobby Lobby